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THE ANGEL OF DEATH

Beckons Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe From Earth.

LIFE'S FITFUL DREAM O'ER

Surrounded by Loved Ones, the spirit of the Noted Author Takes Flight From Its Earthly Habitation.

HARTFORD, July 2.—At noon Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, the famous authoress, passed away at her residence in this city. At her bedside were three members of the family; Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker, her husband, Dr. Hooker, and Harriet Stowe, a daughter of the authoress.

Throughout the forenoon friends of Mrs. Stowe were gathered in a room waiting for the end. Death came without a struggle and the end merely appeared to be a final continuance of the unconscious state into which Mrs. Stowe lapsed on Monday. The arrangements for the funeral have been but partially completed. The services in Hartford will be private and interment will take place at Andover, Mass.

Her Life In Cincinnati.
CINCINNATI, July 2.—Harriet Beecher was as comely a girl as ever graced the Queen City of the West. Her childhood and a portion of her womanhood were spent here. It was in Cincinnati that she met and married Professor Calvin E. Stowe. She was the daughter of



HARRIET BEECHER STOWE AS A GIRL.
Lyman Beecher, who came to Cincinnati to take charge of the Lane seminary. Harriet was then a young girl. The home of the Beechers still stands in its original location at the northeast corner of Forsaker and Gilbert avenues. It is an unpretending but comfortable two-story brick structure on an elevated lot 10 feet higher than the street. When the Beechers lived there all about was an open field, except in the rear, where there was a forest of magnificent beeches.

After her marriage to Professor Stowe they built and lived in a house near the Beecher homestead. Here it was that their children were born, and where she had the foundations for her great story, "Uncle Tom's Cabin." She had ample opportunity to study the slave life. Her family and friends were deeply interested in behalf of the cause of freedom. Many of the scenes in "Uncle Tom's Cabin" are drawn from real life and described almost at first hand.

A TEDIOUS JOB.
The Work of Rescuing Extorped Miners Goes on Slowly.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa., July 2.—The situation at the Twin shaft remains unchanged. The rescuers are bending every energy to their work, but it is agonizingly slow, for the task is gigantic. The inevitable conclusion is that it will be weeks before the bodies are recovered, if at all.

The drilling which has been going on from the Clear Spring colliery to the foot of the Twin shaft was completed and a large body of gas was found. The officials have abandoned the idea of tunneling, as the men would have to travel 2,500 feet to reach the point where the people are thought to have been when the cave-in occurred, and the route is much further than the one rescuers are now working on. Apart from this it would be dangerous and entail a tremendous expense.

Bold Robbers.
CINCINNATI, July 2.—Three robbers entered the Canal street depot of the Metropolitan elevated railroad, situated in the heart of the city, and while one of them guarded the ticket agent with a revolver the others, carried off all the money in sight. The robbery was committed while trains were passing through the depot every three minutes.

Minnesota Republican Ticket.
St. Paul, July 2.—Governor Clough was re-nominated by the Republicans for lieutenant governor, John L. Gibbs, secretary of state, Albert Day, state treasurer, August T. Korman, attorney general, Henry W. Childs. After adopting a platform endorsing the St. Louis platform and the national candidates the convention adjourned.

MacCorkle For Vice President.
PETERSBURG, W. Va., July 2.—Before Governor MacCorkle started for Chicago from Charleston it was announced that MacCorkle would be nominated for the vice presidency. It is said he has been promised support by Maryland, Virginia and other southern delegations.

A Silver Opponent Nominated.
CLARKSVILLE, Tenn., July 2.—The Sixth district free silver convention nominated J. Wesley Gaines of Nashville for congress in opposition to Jo-

seph E. Washington, the present Democratic gold standard congressman. A 16 to 1 free silver plank was adopted.

Hobart Leaves For Home.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—Garret A. Hobart, Republican nominee for vice president, had a conference with Chairman Hanna of the national committee. They talked over the coming campaign, the appointment of subcommittees, etc. Mr. Hobart left for home.

PROGRAM OF GOLD MEN.

Mr. Eckels Tells About the Influential Gold Democrats.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Comptroller Eckels of the treasury department said that he expected Mr. Whitney and others of the anti-silver wing of the party on Friday. Mr. Eckels thinks that after that time the complexion of sentiment will change somewhat and that the silver men will not have such complete command of the situation as they now appear to have. While Mr. Whitney is regarded as the leader of the gold forces, they expect to be able to muster a formidable array of distinguished men who will assist him in his efforts to prevent the party's throwing itself entirely upon the white metal side of the controversy. In addition to Mr. Whitney, Senators Hill and Murphy, Hon. Charles Tracy, Mr. Flower, Hon. Fred R. Condit and ex-Postmaster General Russell are expected from New York, as are Hon. Don M. Dickinson of Michigan, Governor Russell, Hon. J. E. Russell and Mayor Quincy from Massachusetts, Senator Jewett of New Jersey, Senator Vilas of Wisconsin, Senator Gray of Delaware and many others, including large delegations of business men and influential politicians from Indianapolis, Baltimore, Pittsburg, St. Louis, Cincinnati and other cities. It is understood that 50 influential men are coming from Indianapolis alone, and that Iowa will send a large delegation. The Illinois gold Democrats will also be present in force.

"I can not but believe," said Mr. Eckels, after giving his list, "that these men will exert an influence upon the convention. They are all men who have participated in national affairs and all well known Democrats. They will appeal to the convention in the interest of the business stability of the country, and also for the preservation of the party's integrity. Even the silver leaders must listen if they are Democrats when it is pointed out to them that the free silver declaration means the certain destruction of the party at the polls. It will be shown to them that in this event they will not only lose every eastern state, but that they are also sure to lose all the southern states, such as Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia and Kentucky, where the Republicans have an organization which is not bound up with the Populists."

When asked if the gold men would bolt the convention in case of a positive pronouncement for free silver Mr. Eckels expressed the opinion that there would be no open bolt, "but," he said, "there would be a defection at the polls which it would be impossible to prevent. The rank and file of the party can not be made to stand up for the party name if the party convention insists upon overturning all Democratic precedents."

Mr. Eckels thought the gold men would hold out for a declaration for the gold standard. He did not see how a question such as the financial question could be compromised.

The gold forces will have their main public headquarters at the Palmer House. Mr. Harrity will possibly lodge at the Auditorium Annex. The Palmer House quarters will be opened Friday.

ON THE DIAMOND.

The Great National Game As Played Yesterday—The Standings.

CLUB	W.	L.	P.	P.	P.	P.	
Baltimore	30	15	656	Philadelphia	31	29	510
Cleveland	30	15	590	Washington	29	27	509
Cincinnati	30	22	535	Brooklyn	29	30	492
Boston	30	23	565	New York	34	34	444
Pittsburg	31	27	537	St. Louis	15	45	253
Chicago	32	29	524	Louisville	11	44	193

AT CHICAGO—

Chicago 2 0 1 1 2 1 0 0 0 0 7 14 4

Cleveland 2 0 0 1 5 4 0 0 5 2 10 10 3

Baltimore—Kittredge and Dailey; Wilson and O'Connor. Umpire—Keeffe and Sheridan.

AT ST. LOUIS—

St. Louis 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 7 1

Pittsburg 4 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 7 13 2

Batteries—Donohue and Murphy; Huchey and Sugden. Umpire—Lynch.

AT BROOKLYN—

Brooklyn 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 7 3

Philadelphia 0 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 1 0 5 0 2

Batteries—Garbner and Burrell; Keener and Grady. Umpire—Kinsie.

AT BOSTON—

Boston 0 0 0 1 2 3 0 0 0 0 8 9 3

New York 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 7 3

Batteries—McMahon and Robinson; Campbell and Farrell. Umpire—Betta.

AT WASHINGTON—

Washington 0 0 0 0 2 0 6 0 2 10 14 1

Boston 0 0 0 1 7 0 0 0 0 6 11 4

Batteries—King and McCreary; Stevens and Sargent. Umpire—Rord.

Western League.

At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 12, Detroit, 3.

At St. Paul—St. Paul, 12, Minneapolis, 4.

Interstate League.

At Newacott, Pa.—Newacott, 9; Youngstown, 4.

At Washington, Pa.—Washington, 9; Wheeling, 10.

At Jackson—Jackson, 21; Saginaw, 15.

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 15; Toledo, 0.

Turf Winners.

At New York—Pop, O Day, Burlesque, Irish Red, Lathos, Graziosa, Captain T.

At Sheffield, Ind.—Quicksilver, Brown Eyes, Little Kitten, Kinsie, My Luck, Merry Moon and Arch.

At Chicago—Dan O, Baron, Crisp, Dire Tain, Kelly, Planer.

At Kansas City—Pop, O Day, Burlesque, Irish Red, Lathos, Graziosa, Captain T.

At Cincinnati—Isabel, Governor, Bess, Bee, Brown, Kingstone, Carlo F. Whyots.

At St. Louis—Glad, Bee, Sings, Horse Shoe, Tobacco, Bug, Heger, The Great, Smith and

TROOPS ORDERED OUT.

Sheriff Leeks Puts the Militia on Guard at Berea.

SEVERAL STRIKERS SHOT.

In Response to a Request For Troops the Executive Department Notifies the Sheriff That He Has Authority to Act.

Berea, O., July 2.—Everything is quiet at Berea and Westview at present. The sheriff has 150 deputies under arms, 50 with Winchester rifles. Company C, Ohio national guard, at Berea is under arms and Company K of this city has been ordered to stand in readiness to move.

Four Polish strikers were wounded in the melee at Westview. Vincent Maschinski is shot through the lungs and will die. He is 38 years old and has a wife and four children. Martin Rockowski was wounded in the chin and Joseph Wawonski and Anton Polok were slightly wounded in the legs. The strikers have sworn out warrants for the arrest of Deputy Sheriff Smith and other deputies, charging them with shooting to kill.

CALL FOR TROOPS.

The Sheriff of Cuyahoga County Wants Aid to Quell Strikes.

COLUMBUS, O., July 2.—A call was received at the governor's office for the service of four companies of the state militia to aid in "quieting the striking quartermen near Berea." The message came from Sheriff F. W. Leek of Cuyahoga county. The governor is in the east and is not expected home for a week yet. In his absence Private Secretary Rogers took charge of the matter. The following is the dispatch received at the governor's office:

Berea, O., July 1.

To Governor Bushnell, Columbus:

Kindly order four companies of the national guard to aid in quieting the riot at Berea. Am not able to control longer. Major Stearns of the Fifth regiment understands the situation. F. W. Leek, Sheriff.

Private Secretary Rogers sent the following reply at once:

Sheriff Leek, Berea:

Your message received. Section 3008 Revised Statutes gives you full power to summon assistance if necessary. Have you exhausted all the power at your command in quieting disturbance at Berea? Wire situation as soon as possible.

Private Secretary.

Colonel Rodgers also sent a message to Major Stearns, who is on the ground, asking him to send the exact situation as soon as possible.

There is one company of the Fifth regiment at Berea and four others of the regiment in the city of Cleveland within a few minutes' ride by rail of the place.

The adjutant general sent the following:

C. L. Kennan, Norwalk, O.

Ordered to Berea at once and report situation to the headquarters. In case sheriff calls on you act under his order.

Report when you leave Norwalk and arrival at Berea.

B. A. AXLINE.

FIRE INTO THE CROWD.

A Nonunion Workman at Cleveland Uses His Revolver.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—One hundred and twenty-five workmen left the Brown Hoisting company's works under escort of 175 policemen. Strikers and onlookers to the number of 6,000 hoisted and jeered them. Squads of strikers went in both directions on St. Clair street and took possession of every car that came along, filling them so full that the workmen could not get on. By force the police succeeded in getting a number of workmen on cars and sent them home under guard. The rest were marched to the Central police station, followed by the howling mob, and from there sent home in patrol wagons. Any crowd that hereafter collects will be dispersed. One of the nonunion workmen, A. L. Strong, after being put on a car, fired his revolver into the crowd, the bullet grazing the arm of Benjamin Ions, a striker. Strong was arrested and locked up. One striker was arrested for intoxication.

Jack Winston Wins.

SYRACUSE, July 2.—The event in the national shooting tournament was the special 100-yard match between Jack Winston of Omaha and R. T. Glover of Rochester for \$100 a side. Winston won, killing 94 out of 100 under expert rules. Glover, after missing four out of the first 10, killed 91 birds.

First Seal Seizure.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 2.—The steamer Topeka arrived from the north bringing details of the first seal seizure of the season. Officers of the Rush boarded the sealing schooner Sitka of Yakutat and confiscated 15 skins for failure to produce a special sealing license.

Would Not Have It.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Governor Altgeld was asked whether he would accept the temporary chairmanship of the Democratic convention in case he should be chosen by the silver force, and replied that he would not have it under any circumstances.

County Auditor Dies.

SANDUSKY, O., July 2.—County Auditor McFall died as the result of gastric fever contracted while at the St. Louis convention.

Women Suffragists on Hand.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The committee on resolutions of the approaching convention is not alone to have to wrestle with the great financial problems now proving so vexatious, but it is to be pro-

duced with arguments pro and con on the question of suffrage for women. The suffragists, headed by Lillie Devereux Blake and Mrs. Clara Foltz, will ask for an extended hearing, at which several speakers of well known suffrage proclivities may be heard. They are still smarting under the defeat of their movement at St. Louis and have been busy preparing statistics and data to refute the statement made there by Mrs. Winslow Cranwell of Albany, who spoke for the women anti-suffragists.

ALTGELD WILL CONTROL.

He Squelched the Effort to Have Bill For Temporary Chairman.

CHICAGO, July 2.—Senator David B. Hill and William C. Whitney are expected here on Friday and their coming is looked forward to as the opening of the conflict of the eastern gold advocates against the silver men. Mr. Whitney does not believe that all is yet lost so far as his movement is concerned. For instance, he ignores the advice of Washington Hession, Chicago's postmaster and the almost solitary chief representative of the gold standard doctrine of President Cleveland now on the ground.

Speaking of the matter Mr. Hession said: "Mr. Altgeld will control this convention just as absolutely as he controlled the Peoria convention. His pronouncements seem to carry great weight. Senator Hill was perfectly satisfactory as a candidate for temporary chairman to the silver people until Mr. Altgeld said 'No,' and that settled it. Within two days he has said that the two-thirds rule on presidential nominations should be abolished and it looks as if he would carry his point. I believe that we sound money people can better conserve the people's interests by letting the silver people have all the room they want without interference. Then let us meet and express our convictions and the people at the polls will take care of the rest."

RAISED THE BILL.

A Bogus Ten Dollar Bill Unloaded on Uncle Sam's Servant.

COLUMBUS, O., July 2.—The United States' officials in this city seem to be the victims selected by counterfeiters on whom to work off spurious money. Only recently the postoffice money order department was victimized by Zanesville sharpsh, and now it seems that Mr. L. Hamlin, deputy revenue collector, has fallen into their snare.

Having a large amount of money on hand he deposited \$5,000 or \$6,000 with the Deshler National bank. In going over the amount the bank clerks discovered a bill that at first appeared to be a counterfeit, but in reality was a \$2 silver certificate which had been raised to a \$10 bill. The certificate was of the series of 1891 and numbered B114586699. The figure 2 in the left-hand corner was scratched out and an X inserted in its place. The word two was changed to ten and the figure 2 in the lower right and left-hand corners was changed to the figures 10 and the letter X respectively.

WAGNER IMPROVING.

An Incident Surrounding the Murder of Pearl Bryan Recalled.

LEXINGTON, Ky., July 2.—Dr. John B. Wagner of Bellevue, Ky., who was adjudged insane and confined in the Eastern Kentucky lunatic asylum here shortly after the murder of Pearl Bryan near his home, is much improved and it is believed he can soon be released.

Dr. Wagner's insanity, it is claimed by some, has never been solved. Several stories were printed in Cincinnati regarding this at the time, intimating that Dr. Wagner knew some things regarding the tragedy which he did not care to tell. His daughter, Miss Mand, was charged by a druggist named Foertmeyer with having received a message from Scott Jackson on the afternoon before the girl was murdered. She came to Lexington to see her father and wept bitterly when denying the charges of Foertmeyer.

A GREAT BUY!

The manufacturers are aware of the fact that we are the people to sell Shoes rapidly. There isn't hardly a day but that we get some tempting offer from the manufacturing centers. A few days ago we were offered one thousand pairs of Ladies' \$3.00 and \$3.50 Chocolate Tan Shoes, in lace and button, heel and spring heel, at 60 per cent. off their regular factory price. The Shoes are up-to-date, all sizes and widths, and they are yours now for

\$1.98 A Pair.

THINK OF IT.

The latest style Tan Shoes at almost half price, right in the middle of the season. If you don't need them now, buy them for future use. The most comfortable, the easiest, the best wearing Shoes you can buy, and as cheap as common Shoes. Tell your friends, tell your neighbors of this great sale, and have them all buy at

GOODING'S,

230 NORTH MAIN STREET.

HUNT FOR MASTODON.

SAYS TO BE THE REAL OBJECT OF
PROF DYCHE'S NORTHERN TRIPWill investigate the Truth of a Rumor
That Living Mastodons Exist in Alaska
While Hunters' Tarns as to Their
Existence—Sketch of the Famous Hunter.

In the recent dispatches of Professor Lewis Dyer, D. A. of the Kansas State University, it is possible that he has an object that does not appear on the surface. During his northern trip last summer, the professor paid a visit to the Yukon valley, and it is probable that his destination is neither Alaska nor the north pole, but the spot in Greenland where the covered meteorite lies. The professor will have a longer route through Bering strait and the northwest passage, but he is a man of energy, and if he is really started on a race with Lieutenant Peary for the meteorite he will make the lieutenant keep his sails full if he is to land first on Greenland's shores. The meteorite is valued at \$50,000.

Recent dispatches announced that Lieutenant Peary was preparing to sail for Greenland this summer for the meteorite. Professor Dyer will sail for the north from Seattle, and it is quite probable that his destination is neither Alaska nor the north pole, but the spot in Greenland where the covered meteorite lies. The professor will have a longer route through Bering strait and the northwest passage, but he is a man of energy, and if he is really started on a race with Lieutenant Peary for the meteorite he will make the lieutenant keep his sails full if he is to land first on Greenland's shores. The meteorite is valued at \$50,000.

The writer rode the first thousand miles with the professor, and in a talk he said that his destination was not Greenland, as the dispatches announced, and that he was not in search of meteorites; that he was really going to Alaska, where he would head an exploring expedition up the Yukon river valley. He has been sent out by the Museum of Natural History in New York city and by the State University of Kansas.

The first object of the expedition is to make an examination of the Alaskan coast for the purpose of comparing it with that of Greenland and the eastern coast of Arctic British America, which Professor Dyer visited last summer in company with Lieutenant Peary. He will give special attention to the Alaskan fauna and add some specimens to his collection of North American animals, which is already the largest, most complete and finely mounted in the United States. Professor Dyer is a taxidermist and does much of his own mounting. As he has seen and studied almost every American animal in the field, which few naturalists have done to so great an extent, he is able to have his animals mounted in some of the many striking positions which they assume in natural life. These positions cannot be caught by the taxidermist who has not seen them, and they add very much to the value of the specimens.

The ultimate object of the Dyer expedition, however, is the investigation of the rumored existence of the living mastodon. For several years past hunters and Indians of the Yukon valley have reported the existence of an animal living in the valley some distance above the goldfields which, from the description given, must be larger than the largest living elephant. It was described as being from 12 to 15 feet high and from 25 to 30 feet in length. It was covered with long black hair and had immense ivory tusks from 9 to 15 feet long, which would weigh from 300 to 400 pounds.

The reports were at first received with absolute incredulity, but as they continued and from reliable sources they began to be received with some credence. Later from time to time the hunters brought in the ivory tusks of the animal, which naturalists who saw them asserted were those of the mastodon. The tusks are of the finest ivory and describe almost a full circle, like the specimens found in the ice floes of Russia, only they are much larger. In spite of the evidence of the tusks there was still much doubt as to the existence of the living animal, and it was thought that they had been secured from remains preserved in the ice or in peat bogs.

Recent letters from Alaska say that what was claimed to be the meat of the animal was not long since brought into Circle City by some hunters. The long hair and thick hide of the animal were still attached to the meat, and everything secured to substantiate the statement of the recent killing of the animal. The meat was not preserved, and to the scientific world there is no more positive evidence of the existence of the mastodon alive than there was before.

The evidence is sufficiently reliable, however, to warrant the professor in making an investigation of the facts and to secure, if possible, a specimen for the museum. He will receive a large sum of money if he is successful in his enterprise.

Professor Dyer takes with him a camera made specially for him for use in Arctic atmospheres. With this camera last year in Greenland he developed 380 perfect pictures out of 400 exposures, a much larger percentage than has been secured by any other Arctic explorer.

A point of interest to sportsmen is his equipment for killing game. He will take with him a Winchester rifle of \$5.00 caliber, but he uses it differently from other sportsmen. Instead of the usual lead or steel tipped bullet, the professor uses bullets made of copper. This is contrary to all theorists on rifles, who assert that copper ruins the gun in a short time, the metal filling up the grooves and making it shoot untrue. Such is not the case, however, for the professor has experienced no such difficulty, and he will take with him the same rifle that he used so effectively in Greenland and on his Mexican and South American expeditions in search of rare animals. He finds the penetrating power

FOR THE SIXTH TERM

PRESIDENT DIAZ OF MEXICO A CANDIDATE FOR RE-ELECTION.

He Has Held the Office for Five Terms Already—Practically No Opposition—How He Has Conducted the Mexican Government—Something of His Life.

The news that General Porfirio Diaz has again been nominated as a candidate for the office of president of the republic of Mexico contains a significant assurance that this remarkable politician will be successful in gaining a fifth successive term of the presidency, and that, barring accidents, he will hold the office until the end of the nineteenth century. In reality, he will be elected this year for his sixth term, as he had held the office for a term prior to the election of President Gonzalez in the year 1850. In November next he will close the twentieth year of his service as president of Mexico, and if he shall outlive the ensuing term he will have a record of 24 years in the office.

It can hardly be said that there is any competitor in the field against him this year. A short time ago General Bernardo Reyes, governor of the state of Nueva Leon, gave notice that he had determined to enter the race for the pres-



PRESIDENT DIAZ.

idency, but he has become discouraged by reason of the feebleness of the response to his nomination. General Reyes is the most popular and progressive governor in Mexico. He is a man of marked force of character, and he has been active in promoting the development of his state and in advancing all public enterprises for which he could secure the approval of the legislature.

He is in the prime of life and has always been successful in his projects. But there need not be any doubt that he is doomed to failure in his pursuit of the office of president so long as Diaz is a candidate, and there is every probability that the nomination of Diaz will lead him to withdraw from the race altogether. There are a number of other ambitious politicians who would have liked to compete for the office, including a general who is credited with the overthrow of the Emperor Maximilian, but it may be taken for granted that the plans of all of them have been laid aside since the great demonstration of Sunday last in the City of Mexico in honor of Diaz's re-nomination. The field seems to be clear all the way from Sonora to Yucatan for the Mexican man of destiny.

President Diaz has a record without parallel in Mexico or in any of the other republics of Spanish America. Previous to his time there had been an irregular line of incompetent rulers. There had been 10 or 12 "provisional" presidents, three or four presidents "in charge," a "substitute" president and several dictators. All of them held power by a most uncertain tenure. The greater part of them lost their place by revolution. There was not in the world a more unstable government than that of Mexico.

President Diaz is 66 years of age and is a half breed. By his mother he is a descendant from the Indian race of Mexico and by his father from the Spanish race. In his infancy his father died, and he was trained for life in Oaxaca by his Indian mother, who lived in poverty. In his youth, after a period of clerkship and service in an inn, he studied for the priesthood of the Roman Catholic church, but after a time gave up the purpose of entering upon an ecclesiastical career. He began the study of law; he took part in politics; he was a member of the legislature of his state; he was a soldier on the Liberal side in times of strife; he was a general in the war against the empire which France had set up in Mexico, and it was in this war that he won the renown which caused him to be chosen as provisional president in the year 1876 and as constitutional president the next year. Since that time he has held the office of chief executive, excepting the four years in which it was held by Manuel Gonzalez.

The course of Mexican history has been changed under Diaz's administration. Revolutions and civil wars have been brought to an end; the old time tyranny has passed away; the possessor of the office of president has lived in safety; the stability of the government has been secured.

With abiding peace, the country has attained a degree of prosperity unexampled in its history. It was in a most satisfactory manner that President Diaz, in his last message to the Mexican congress, reviewed the state of the country. He told of the advancement of education, the growth of the industries and of commerce, the construction of great public works, the betterment of the government finances, the opening up of new and useful branches of activity, the improvement of trade and the lessening of taxation. "We are justified," he said, "in expecting such an increase of the normal sources of revenue as will amply suffice for all budget requirements." The president's message to his congress within recent years have

been of a kind never known in Mexico before. His assumptions of office have been known to the people in Mexico as a time of peace and prosperity.

It is under these circumstances that Diaz becomes a candidate for election to a fifth successive term of the office of president. It is a country which has attained the results of his long period of administration that he appears for reelection. Not only so, but he is able to record like his, but it would be impossible to forecast the consequences of the election of any other. It is true that he must some time cease to be president, but it is hoped that the death overtakes him Mexico will be well assured of the continuance of the political system which he has done so much to establish.

President Diaz is something more than a successful politician. He possesses the qualities of statesmanship. He understands the needs of his country and also the method of supplying them through the legislation of a congress in which he is influential and which regards his judgment. His skill as a diplomatist has been made manifest by his several negotiations with European powers, by his mastery of the troublesome case of Guatemala, and by his desirable co-operation with the United States in the settlement of the boundary question. His friendliness toward this country and his constant desire for the maintenance of peace with it have been as important to the American people as to those of Mexico.

In one respect only has Diaz failed to satisfy the whole of the people living under his government. The Mexican ecclesiastical authorities have made complaint of his readiness to justify the government interference with property which was the inheritance of the church from Spanish times. His defense has been that the sequestered estates were needed for educational or other public purposes, and that the republic could not guarantee or recognize all the titles which were granted by Spanish kings. But at the same time he has constantly affirmed that the government has never in any way interfered with freedom of worship or with any of the religious rights or privileges which constitutionally belong to any part of the Mexican people. These rights are founded upon law and are outside of the authority of the administration. Though there are some Roman Catholics in Mexico who object to keeping Diaz in office for another term, the elections of this year will probably show, as those of other years have shown, that the number of these objectors is very small. There is no state church in Mexico.

The method of electing a president in Mexico is the same as it is in the United States—that is to say, by electors popularly chosen in a general election. Diaz's present term comes to an end on Nov. 30 next.—New York Sun.

TWO RECKLESS MEN.

The Charlson Brothers Brave the Atlantic Storms in a Small Boat.

Frank Charlson and his brother John embarked at 5 p. m. on June 21 in their tiny sloop for a voyage across the Atlantic. At least 1,500 people congregated about the boatmen's ship at the Battery, New York, to witness the start. They cheered loudly when the tug Fred B. Dulzel, with the sailboat in tow, steamed away from the excursion pier. The tug took the little sloop to Sandy Hook, from where the voyage really began at 7 o'clock. Nearly 100 persons paid 50 cents each for the trip on the Dulzel.

The craft to which the Charlson brothers have pinned their faith is 20 feet over all, has 6 feet 8 inches beam and draws 26 inches of water. The boat is double pointed and is supplied with an air chamber at either end, supposed to make her unsinkable. A heavy lead keel is also expected to keep her right side up under all circumstances. The boat carries a small mainsail, jib and flying jib and two pairs of oars. Provision for 80 days were put aboard.

The Charlsons claim to be navigators, and Frank bears the distinction of once having served as an officer on John Jacob Astor's yacht the Noarmahal.

If the sailboat escapes the ocean storms, she will make Queenstown as the first port. Her course will then be to Isle of Wight, Southampton, London, Hamburg, Bremen, Hull, Leith, by canal to Edinburgh, then Glasgow, Newport in Wales, Cork, Belfast, Londonderry and then back to New York, where the boat may be expected, harrying mishaps, in the summer of 1897.—New York Journal.

New Potato Pest.

A new kind of potato bug has made its appearance in Monroe county, Pa., and has so far baffled all attempt at extermination. A few days ago Farmer C. H. Swazy noticed that his potato crop was looking poorly. An examination was made, and the farmer found bugs which, in his estimation, are 100 per cent worse than the old pest.

It is an insect about three times as large as an ordinary fly and of a dark black color. It eats the vegetables from the top to the ground. Farmer Swazy carried a dozen or so of the insects to Stroudsburg and, although shown to several experts, they were unable to classify them.

A Drawing Card.

One of the entertaining features of the approaching People's Party national convention at St. Louis will be the appearance of the Macon County Welsh quartet, composed of miners. Quarters for them have been secured.

Several state delegations have planned to take bands and glee clubs to the convention.

The Minnesota and Iowa delegations will go by boat, and will probably be nearly two weeks on the Mississippi. Ignatius Donnelly and "General" J. S. Coxey of Ohio will accompany the delegations and will speak at different points along the river.

THE WALKING GALLOWES

Nicknamed Given to a British Officer During the Irish Rebellion.

The late Mr. W. J. Fitzpatrick was best known in this country perhaps as Lever's biographer, but he was also the author of many interesting historical works, dealing for the most part with the mysteries which shrouded the expenditure of Pitt's secret service money and with the true character of the shadowy figures moving behind the scenes during the rebellion of 1798 and the act of union that followed it.

Time travels slowly over in Ireland. The peasantry still talk of the stirring events of that memorable year in a manner that makes it difficult for a stranger to realize that nearly a hundred years have elapsed since they took place. In several of Mr. Fitzpatrick's books reference is made to an officer whose energetic measures for suppressing sedition should certainly claim for his memory the same respect and admiration as are awarded to Judge Jeffries and other gentlemen of the same stamp.

When the rebellion first broke out, the militia regiment of a certain county adjoining Dublin could boast the services of an officer of the name of Hepenstall who soon became known throughout the length and breadth of Ireland as the "Walking Gallows." This notorious officer, originally an apothecary, was a Goliath in stature and a Nero at heart. If after dark, while patrolling the country with his men, he met a peasant who could not satisfactorily account for himself, Hepenstall's mode of procedure was first to knock him down with a blow from his fist, which was quite as effective as a sledge hammer, and then, ordering one of the drummers to take off a cord from his drum, to adjust a noose around the prisoner's neck, draw the rope over his own athletic shoulders and trot about, the victim's legs dangling in the air until death at last put an end to the torture.

These details—almost incredible at the present day—were admitted by the gallant officer himself when undergoing cross examination at the trial of a rebel named Hyland, counsel for the defense exclaiming at the close of this remarkable evidence, "Then, sir, you acted the executioner and played the gallows!"

"Yes, please your honor," came the unabashed reply.

Such was the barbarous severity of the time that Lord Norbury, the presiding judge, warmly commended the witness on his loyalty and assured him that he had been guilty of no act which was not natural to a zealous, loyal and efficient officer. Prefixed to that rare and extremely sedulous periodical, The Irish Magazine for 1810 is a picture of Hepenstall, in his capacity of executioner, slowly strangling an unfortunate wretch, who is laughing behind his gigantic back. His features, handsome in their conformation and serene in their expression, present a puzzle to the students of Lavater's theory, and it is impossible not to admire his magnificent physique. A wit suggested that his tombstone would be suitably inscribed by the following epitaph:

Here lie the bones of Hepenstall—
Judge, jury, gallows, and all.
—Pittsburg Dispatch.

A One Hundred Course Dinner.

At a dinner given by the late Prince Rathor there were a hundred courses. The chefs of the prince were solemnly chosen after the greatest deliberation and cross examination. On one special occasion it was announced that he was in need of a cook, and ten of the best chefs duly presented themselves for the coveted post. They were informed by the prince that each must serve a dinner of his own choice and cooking, consisting of ten courses, to be served the same evening to a jury of the best gastronomes in Paris, who would eat of each different dish and then pass judgment. This programme was carried out and the palm awarded to a Frenchman who had been chef for many years to the Baron Hausman. A trip to Marlenbad by the whole of the jury was the sequel to this famous dinner of 100 courses.—London Tit-Bits.

The Man in the Moon in Germany.

The German legend tells us that ages ago an old man went one Sunday morning into the forest to cut timber (hew sticks). He cut a bundle of fagots and swung them over his shoulder and began to trudge home.

On the way he met a remarkable looking individual with a face as bright as the sun. "Do you know, old man, that it is Sunday on earth when all men rest from their labors?" said the stranger. "Sunday on earth or Monday in hell, it is all the same to me," said the hardened old wretch.

"Then bear your bundle forever," said the stranger as he vanished from sight. A moment later the old sinner and his fagots were deposited on the moon, where they stand to this day a perpetual warning to all Sabbath breakers.—St. Louis Republic.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate

Are features peculiar to Hood's Pills. As one takes, tasteless, efficient, thorough. As another

Hood's
Pills

said: "You never know you are taken a pill till it is all over." See C. I. Hood & Co., Proprietors, Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Legal Notice.

Daniel S. Brown and Cornelia Brown, L. A. wife, late of Dale, Oklahoma Territory, and the undersigned of Benjamin Madison deceased will take notice that on the 20th day of June, 1896, B. H. Hoover filed his petition in the Common Pleas Court of Allen county, Ohio in case No. 8804 against the above named parties praying to have her title quieted to that part of outfit seventeen (17) in the city of Lima, Allen county, Ohio, which is bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the southeast corner of said outfit; thence running north forty-seven (47) feet; thence west to the southeast corner of the same; thence south to the southwest corner of said outfit; thence east to the place of beginning, as against any claim of any of the defendants.

Said parties are required to answer on or before August 27th, 1896, or judgment may be taken against them.

HALLIE K. HOOVER,
By Prophet & Eastman, her attorneys. 6-25-96

Why England Stays in Egypt.

But though much has been done, much still remains to be done, and even if it did not, the necessity for our continuance in Egypt depends on something more than the completion of a programme. When we have exhausted the list of improvements of which the country is capable, our mission will be only half fulfilled. The pashas and the whole tribe of fatterers on a corrupt system are still on the spot, only waiting for a favorable opportunity to inaugurate a counter revolution and repossess themselves of their lost fiefdom. The people have not yet learned to rely on any protection against their former oppressors, except what is afforded by the English.

Take away this support and the whole machine of progress would run down hill again, and the great work of the last ten years be completely undone. The old corrupt system would at once reassert itself, and the second state of Egypt would be worse than the first. The appetite of the bloodsuckers only whetted by their enforced abstinence, and the hapless fallacy, instead of feeling, as they feel today, deeply grateful for the intervention of England, would only curse the hour when they first listened to her counsels.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Immense Fortunes in Trees.

The timber wealth of the United States gives a yearly product of over a billion dollars, or twice the value of the entire output of all the mines put together—gold, silver, coal, iron, copper, zinc and the rest. This is a resource worth keeping, and yet we are cutting into our capital at the fearful rate of 75 per cent each year, as only about 25 per cent of the timber market is represented by new growth. As for losses from the fires that are started by locomotives, cattlemen, berry pickers, hunters and woodsmen, it gives a sufficient idea of what they cost us, to be told by the forestry commissioner of Pennsylvania that his state alone probably suffers from a loss of \$76,000,000 annually from this cause. Not only the trees are lost in these mighty conflagrations, but the valuable mold which would supply fertility to the soil for future agricultural purposes, or food for the roots of a second growth of forest, is burned and the first step is taken on that easy descent to a landslide or flood-bed.—Schmuck's.

In Sargent's Studio.

SARGENT'S studio is always a so-called place. Unlike many artists, the presence of visitors or companions does not disturb him when he is painting. He seems to work without obvious exertion even in his intensest activity. "When his models are resting, he fills up the gap by strumming on the piano or guitar," says one of his friends. "His manner while at work is that of a man of consummate address and does not show physical or mental effort." He knows thoroughly well what he is about and what his capabilities are, so that while he searches the truth in his pictorial rendering of what is before him, and often repeats a part of his picture entirely in the effort to make it as perfect as possible, he works with confidence. He has never been allied with any revolutionary movements in art, and, while he is not averse to him in things seen, he shuns all passing crazes or new doctrines.—William A. Coffin in Century.

Touching Constancy.

Prison Visitor—Ah! Here is a cell that is so truly kept that it reveals evidences of refinement. And that beautifully worked motto of "Home, Sweet Home," on the further wall—is it possible that that is the handwork of the occupant of this cell?

Warden—It is, sir.

Prison Visitor—Wonderful! And for what offense against the law can such a man be confined?

Warden—Just with leaving; that's all.—Boston Courier.

Are you suffering from rheumatism?

Thomas' Electric Oil has cured thousands of the worst cases of this terrible disease. It only costs 50 cents to try it.

When You Take Your Vacation

the most necessary article to have with you (after your pocket book) is a bottle of Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. It is an absolute prevention or cure of all derangements of the bowels caused by a change of water. You are likely to need it. H. F. Vorkamp, cor. Main and North streets.

The Lima Times-Democrat

Published daily except on Sundays and holidays.

Published by J. H. HARRIS, at the Times-Democrat Building.

Subscription price, \$5.00 per annum in advance.

Single copies, 10 cents.

Advertising rates on application.

The Times-Democrat is published for the Democratic party.

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COL IKS HILL

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JUDICIAL REPORT

Of Probate Judge Robb to the Secretary of State.

Five Three Applications for Divorce were Received and Thirty were Granted—Other Items of Interest.

Probate Judge Robb has made his annual report of judicial statistics for the year ending July 1st, 1895.

The report shows an increase of business over the preceding year. Several more divorce cases were brought before the court than there were during the year ending July 1st, 1894.

Beginning with Jan. 1st, 1895, there were nine cases of divorce pending and during the year ending July 1st, 1895, fifty-three applications for divorce were made.

Of these, twenty-eight were granted and twenty-five still pending. Nineteen of the fifty-three were granted by the court while forty-three of the petitions were made by the wife, seven cases of alimony were allowed to wives suing for a divorce, and two cases of alimony were granted the husband.

Of the cases brought by the husband seven were granted, two refused and one dismissed. Of the number petitioned for by the wife twenty-three were granted and one dismissed. In three cases the father was granted the custody of the children, while in fourteen cases the children were given into the mother's care.

The records show that the judge considered nine cases of unlawfulness. Of these, two were fined, two were both fined and imprisoned in the county jail, and five were youths who were sent to the reform farm at Lancaster.

The number of fines assessed were twenty-one, the costs attached to the cases were \$36.53 and the amount of fines collected \$15. From all other offenses the costs were \$43.75, making a total of \$136.80.

Try Allen's Foot-Ease.

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season of year your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have aching feet, new shoes or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and corns, spots, Relieves cure and builds up all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package sent free by mail. Address: Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

NATIONAL EDUCATIONAL

Convention, Buffalo, N. Y., July 7th to 11th—Tickets on Sale July 5th and 6th.

Take the Erie, the only line from Lima having its own line direct train leaving Lima at 10:20 p. m. arrives in Buffalo next morning at 6 o'clock. No 2, leaving Lima at 2:45 a. m., arrives in Buffalo same day at 4 p. m. giving an all day ride. Passengers taking this route have the privilege of stopping at Jamestown, N. Y. and Chautauque Lake without extra expense. Fare \$11.00. For limit and other information apply to F. C. McCoy, Ticket Agent.

FLAGS GIVEN AWAY

To day.

Buy your goods at Treat's, and get flags for decorating free of charge. 2141 Treat's No. 204 n. Main st.

Attend the Band Concert

and take an electric bath at Johnson's swim to night.

Lemonade Sets at Hoover Bros.

LOCAL TIME CARD

Giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima, Collected June 22, 1896.

P. F. W. & C. R. E.

No. 1—Going East, daily, 7:45 a. m.

No. 2—" " " " " 8:10 a. m.

No. 3—" " " " " 8:30 a. m.

No. 4—" " " " " 8:50 a. m.

No. 5—" " " " " 9:10 a. m.

No. 6—" " " " " 9:30 a. m.

No. 7—" " " " " 9:50 a. m.

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No. 12—" " " " " 11:30 a. m.

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No. 48—" " " " " 11:30 p. m.

No. 49—" " " " " 11:50 p. m.

No. 50—" " " " " 12:10 a. m.

TICKETS FREE,

COLUMBIA

TO BE GIVEN AWAY JULY 4th, AT THE

ASK FOR THEM.



OFFICIAL CALL

For the Democratic National Convention.

The Democratic National Convention, committee having met in Washington, January 15th, has appointed.

TUESDAY, JULY 2nd, at 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

and covered the city of Chicago as the place for holding the Democratic National Convention.

Each State is entitled to a representation therein (total to about 1,000) the number of its delegates and its representation in Congress, and each territory and the District of Columbia shall have two delegates.

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and covered the city of Chicago



Women are often troubled by a peculiar ailment, which is not only a source of great suffering, but also a source of great worry. It is a condition which is not only a source of great suffering, but also a source of great worry. It is a condition which is not only a source of great suffering, but also a source of great worry.

These troubles are considered well high incurable. Women seem to think that they must go on being these things forever. To be sure, some of them make an effort to get well by going to their physicians, but those who are deterred from this both because they have seen that it was not likely to do much good, and because they know that the first thing the physician would insist upon would be the examination and local treatment so justly abhorrent to every modest woman. These things are generally as necessary as they are distasteful. Every woman can be made strong and healthy by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It is a most marvelous medicine for all forms of female weakness and disease. It is a wonderful purifier and cleanser. It acts directly on one set of organs, and on no other, but in doing this, it frequently cures troubles that were seemingly of an entirely different character and origin. A disorder of the distinctly feminine organs is likely to cause all sorts of symptoms, and careless doctors frequently doctor women for neuralgia, or dyspepsia, or insomnia, when the real trouble is in the organs distinctly feminine. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will make any woman well. Sometimes when disease has run on so long that the entire system is debilitated, it is necessary to use in connection with the "Prescription," Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, a general tonic, blood-purifier, and blood-maker, without an equal in the world. There is no case so severe that these two great medicines will not cure it. Thousands of women have frequently testified to this fact.

WINONA LAKE EXCURSIONS.

Special Rates via Pennsylvania Lines for Winona Assembly.

Season excursion tickets to Winona Lake (formerly Eagle Lake, Ind.) will be sold by Pennsylvania Lines on and after June 21st. The return limit will include Oct. 31st, allowing a season's sojourn at this delightful resort. Special low rate tickets, good returning fifteen days from date of sale, will also be sold during the months of June, July and August.

Winona Lake is the site of Winona Assembly, which affords notable opportunities for recreation, instruction, entertainment and devotion. The Assembly grounds, comprising over 200 acres, surround the Lake, a beautiful sheet of clear water near Warsaw, Ind., on the Fort Wayne Route. Many pretty cottages have been erected on the grounds, which are nicely shaded. The improvements include a fine park, bicycle track and ball ground, with a large amphitheater, an auditorium seating over 3,000 persons; college halls, hotel, restaurants, and supply stores. Rates for entertainment at the hotel and boarding houses will be found very reasonable. The fishing is fine, and the large fleet of row boats and steamers afford facilities for delightful boating. The summer school will be in session from July 20th to August 14th, in charge of Dr. John M. Coulter. In August a Bible Conference will be held under the direction of Dr. J. Wilbur Chapman. Well-known educators and lecturers will take part in the educational work. Time may be pleasantly and profitably passed at this pleasant resort, and body and mind invigorated by health-giving recreation and instructive entertainment.

For rates and information about train facilities apply to Ticket Agents of the Pennsylvania Lines, or address F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. For information concerning the Assembly address Rev. E. V. Hunter, Eagle Lake P. O., Ind.

One Woman's Work.

A few years ago Lady Arrall invested \$15 in the benevolent work of securing employment for peasant girls in Ireland. She now has afforded work in knitting to no less than two or three hundred girls, whose earnings make them self-supporting and able to help others.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, nettle, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eczema and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

Not Up to the Mark.

"Margaret wears such lovely, fluffy gowns. Can't she give you ideal summer gowns?"

"Bah! She isn't crazy enough about the men!"—Chicago Record.

A dose that is always reasonable is a dose of Simmons' Liver Regulator, the "King of Liver Medicines." It keeps the liver active; the bowels regular; prevents biliousness, and promotes digestibility. In fact, helps you keep well. "I have watched its effects in families where I have practiced, and find it admirable; both as a laxative and tonic in its action."—Dr. T. W. Mason, Madison, Wis.

Don't Stop Him!

He has had attack of colic and is moving for Yorkcamp's King Stone after a bottle of Foley's Kidney and Colic Cure. 25c and 50c.

FRUIT AND FLOWERS

THE RATHBUN BLACKBERRY.

The Origin and Desirable Qualities of a Promising Variety.

The Rathbun Blackberry, which has gained a high reputation locally, originated on the farm of Mr. Alvin Rathbun, Chautauque county, N. Y. Of its precise origin Mr. Rathbun has no knowledge. It is a chance seedling which sprang up near where were grow-



SHOWING GROWTH OF STEMS AND TIPS.

ing the Early Harvest and the Kittatimny. As the plant developed it appeared to have a different habit from any other blackberry, and this attracted attention which caused it to be preserved. When it fruited it proved to be very fine, and later its whole character became known. It is described as follows in Vick's Illustrated Monthly:

With its high quality of fruit it combines other most desirable points. It is large, has small seeds, is sweet and soft to the center, bears shipping well, holds its color; the plant is very vigorous and productive and has desirable hardiness. The accompanying illustrations will enable readers to form correct ideas concerning the upright growth of stems and the drooping habit of tips.

Experiments With Tree Seed.

The Experiment Station Record reports on experiments conducted with various kinds of tree seed to ascertain among other things the most suitable depth to plant, effect of drilling or broadcast sowing, and of thick or thin sowing. Experiments conducted with Norway spruce showed that the best results followed covering the seed to a depth of only one-quarter inch, while for acorns 2 inches gave the highest average germinations. Walnuts gave but little difference in germination when covered to depths of 2, 4 and 6 inches, the latter being slightly the most profitable. Norway spruce seed sown in drills and broadcast gave results greatly in favor of drilling. In the case of thick and thin sowing of the same kind of seed, it was found that three-quarter ounce gave more favorable results than when 1½ ounce was used. The size of the plots was 15 square feet.

Experiments were conducted with ash seed to hasten its germination. Seed was sown in autumn, kept in sand during the winter, and treated with water at 130 degrees F. for three minutes before planting, but in every case the seed grown in 1895 failed to germinate until the spring of 1896. It is said that seed of the hawthorn, apple, crabapple, Medicago lupulina and Plantago major behave in a similar way—that is, lie dormant in the soil for a year before sprouting.

Old Primrose Plants.

Eben E. Rexford writes as follows in The Ladies' Home Journal:

In keeping your old primrose plant for next winter's growing I would advise separating the roots and forming new plants. You can probably secure a bit of root with each division of the old crown. If so pot each piece in a small pot and thereafter treat exactly as you would seedling plants—shifting from time to time as the roots fill the pots, until you have your plants in six inch pots. Old plants left as they were at the end of the season are generally weak and seldom do well a second time. But by the method advised above it is possible to make good, strong plants out of the old.

Propagating Fuchsias.

Fuchsias are easily propagated from cuttings. Take a piece of partially ripened wood—the tip of a vigorous branch is the best part of the plant to use for this purpose—and cut off the leaves at the lower part of it, leaving two or three at the top. The cutting should be from three to four inches in length. Insert an inch of the base in a dish of coarse sand, which should be kept moist and warm. Do not have the soil of the consistency of mud, or the cutting will be likely to decay before roots are formed. On no account allow the sand to get dry. If you do you might as well throw out the cuttings at once.

Told by Fruit Growers.

A feature of the new strawberry culture is the system of double transplanting.

Professor Bailey of New York has never perceived any uniform difference in the vigor of strawberry plants from the north or south.

Thinning makes the fruit of much better quality, makes it keep longer, and produces finer, handsomer, more attractive, and much more desirable and salable fruit.

Some of the best varieties of apples as regards quality are poor bearers. The Spitzenberg and fall pippin are examples.

For all the competition from new and improved varieties of apples, the Baldwin and Greening apples form the bulk of what are sold in the eastern markets during spring.

-GIVEN AWAY- KNIVES and RAZORS in exchange for Coupons with Mail Pouch

"Chewing and Smoking" (The only ANTI-NEUROUS, ANTI-DYSPEPTIC and DIGESTIVE NEUTRALIZER)

TOBACCO.

- JACK KNIVES and PEN KNIVES.
- Stag Handle; Razor Steel, First quality, American manufacture, hand forged and finely tempered.
- Fine RAZORS, Highest Grade.
- Steel; Hollow Ground.

Coupons explain how to secure the Above. One Coupon in each 5 cent (10 cent) Package. Two Coupons in each 10 cent (20 cent) Package. Mail Pouch Tobacco is sold by all dealers. Packages (one on sale) containing no coupons will be accepted for exchange. "2 or 3 Empty Pkg as one Coupon." "4 or 5 Empty Pkg as two Coupons." ILLUSTRATED Catalogue of other Valuable Articles with explanation how to get them. Mailed on request. The Bloch Bros. Tobacco Co., Wheeling, W. Va. No Coupons exchanged after July 1, 1897.

BERCEUSE.

Sleep, little one, with your head on my breast,
Blossoms and bows lie a-dreaming;
Wrapt in a slumber the bird in her nest
Feeds not the moon faintly gleaming.
When ere the silver winged white butterflies
Sailed through the garden the bright sun to greet,
Stirless they rest 'neath the shadowy skies.
Sleep, thou, my sweet!

Sleep, little one, with your cheek, velvet red,
Frosted like a rose on my shoulder.
Dim grows that light in the sky overhead,
Dim grows the shadow and colder.
Rushed is the wind on the wooded hill's brow;
Silence has claimed the invisible feet.
Heavy with slumber the lithe swallows bow.
Sleep, thou, my sweet!

—Laura G. Ashford in Senate.

Andrew Lang's Wonderful Dog.

A Newfoundland named Oscar belonging to myself had often listened with much interest to stories of rescue of drowning persons by dogs. I happen to possess an engraving of Landseer's "Member of the Humane Society." Oscar would contemplate it for hours and study the pose in the mirror. One day two little children were playing alone on St. Andrew's pier, and I was skotching the ruins at a short distance, Oscar running about on the pier. I happened to look up and saw Oscar, as if inadvertently, but quite deliberately, back one of the children (Johnny Chisholm by name) into the water, which is there very deep. The animal then gave three loud howls to attract attention (he had been taught to give "three cheers for Mr. Gladstone"), jumped into the water, rescued the child and carried him, "quite safe, but very wet," to the local photographer's, obviously that the deed might be commemorated by art. Nobody saw the beginning of this tragedy except myself.

Oscar, when brought home, deliberately rapped out "Humane Society" with his tail on the floor; but, much as I appreciated his intelligence, I could not, in common honesty, give him a testimonial. This preyed on his mind. He accompanied a party to the top of St. Rule's tower and deliberately leaped from the top, being dashed to pieces at the feet of an eminent divine whose works he had often, but unsuccessfully, entreated me to review in an unfavorable sense. His plan was to bring the book, lay it at my feet and return with the carving knife in his mouth.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

Sebastian Cabot.

Sebastian Cabot retired from public affairs in 1557, and died shortly after, leaving a high reputation as a scientific and practical mariner, much of which the author of this book considers—and it must be admitted, has cogently proved—to be undeserved. Our own verdict would be that he was guilty of much falsehood and intrigue, that he was not as expert a seaman as he claimed to be and that in the leadership of men he exhibited neither justice, mercy nor even ordinary discretion. But let us temper justice with mercy, and in judging of the worthies of past ages bring to light some extenuating circumstances.

He was of the Italian race, a people who for at least a century had borne an unenviable character for slyness and underhand proceedings; he lived in an age when mercenary service was in vogue, and strict fidelity to engagements was not to be expected; the languages of all the Latin races are prone to vagueness and exaggeration, and thus often deviated, and even unintentionally, from veracity, and he had to deal with Spaniards, who deemed his foreign birth a sufficient reason for disobeying his orders. Perhaps his character may be justly comprehended if we apply to him the common phrase "too clever by half."—London Spectator.

Luxury.

They tell a story of a man of luxurious habits who volunteered as a private soldier in a cavalry regiment during the late war. By what is popularly known as the "irony of fate," he had to perform his services in the roughest possible places and in the roughest possible way.

Sometimes "luck" was so contrary that the only meal he had was a few grains of corn that he stole from the ears provided for his horse.

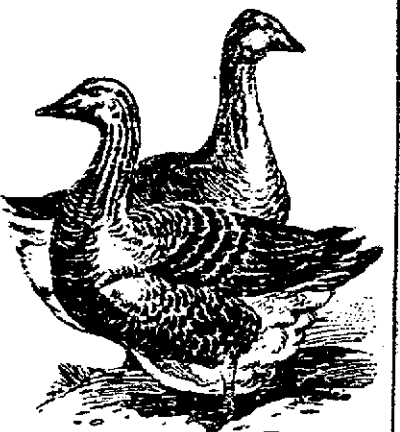
One of his companions, who was talking about this, was asked if these hardships and privations cured the volunteer of his luxurious habits. He answered that they did not; that when they were fortunate enough to find a few planks to lie down on at night, the luxury lover searched among them to see whether he could not get one of soft wood.—Philadelphia Times.

TOULOUSE GEESSE.

Little Expense to Raise Them, and Their Product is Always in Demand.

The Toulouse is the favorite of all our varieties of pure bred geese, and will sometimes reach 50 pounds per pair, says an exchange, though 40 to 50 pounds when in good condition plenty heavy enough for good brooding stock. They vary in color from dark slate on the neck and back to a light gray on breast and front part of the body, with firm and under part of body white. They are very massive in appearance.

Some of our German friends, The Poultry Tribune says, who are raising these geese (either pure bred or crossed with the common geese) for the home market, tell that they frequently have



TOULOUSE GEESSE.

them to weigh 15 pounds dressed at Thanksgiving or a little later and usually receive 10 cents per pound for them, besides having the feathers left, which are worth about 75 cents per pound.

There is always a good demand for well fattened young geese in towns of 8,000 and upward, Jewish people being especially good customers for them as they can utilize the fat in making pastries, etc., instead of lard, which their religious belief will not allow them to use.

Goose farming is a branch of poultry keeping that has been much neglected, and offers good returns for those who will turn their attention to it. The popular opinion of them, i. e., that they are a filthy, greedy and noisy nuisance, is not a correct one, if they are properly provided for. They should be provided with a pasture for their special use, just as is provided by many farmers for their hogs, though both could be kept in the same lot, we believe, without any trouble, a fence 3½ to 4 feet high being sufficient to confine the Toulouse. If provided with a good pasture lot and plenty of water to drink, the adult geese will require no grain food from the time grass comes in the spring, until late in the fall, and are not excessive eaters of grain even during the winter. They seem to crave more bulky food and will eat quantities of corn, barley and clover hay if allowed access to it.

Goslings require some grain food until 6 or 8 weeks old, after which age they will make a rapid growth on grass alone, but will require a good grain ration for some weeks in the fall if they are to be dressed and sold.

We have had a good opportunity to observe a large flock of these geese for some years and we firmly believe them to be the least expensive to raise and keep of any of our domestic fowls, while their product (dressed carcasses and feathers) is always in demand in the market at good prices, which fluctuate less than in any other kind of fowl products.

Twenty-five Hens.

Knowing that you are interested in presenting facts in regard to poultry keeping, below I give you details of what a small flock of 25 hens did in a year. The flock were White Leghorns and Plymouth Rocks, and were kept in limited quarters. They averaged, by my egg record book, in which I kept a strict account of all the eggs laid, and kept track of everything concerning my fowls, about 140 eggs for the year. The Leghorns laid the most eggs, but during the moulting season I find the Plymouth Rocks laying some, while the Leghorns had stopped, though they are fed the same, but not together. From these hens I raised 113 chicks, and only kept the very best of the pullets of both breeds for layers and breeders. I sold eggs and chickens to the amount of \$99.99; total cost of feed (not including table scraps), \$35.50; clear profit, \$64.49, almost \$2.58 per head. I am keeping just 52 hens this year, and hope, if I am spared, to give you a better record next time. As an experiment, from my little experience, I find the best returns when the hens are fed with a proper proportion of moist but not sloppy feed.—James Sytk in Indiana Farmer.

Prices of Eggs.

It is a mooted question when eggs yield the most money, in winter, when the cost of food is greater and price of eggs ranging from 30 to 40 cents per dozen, or in summer, when keep is less and sales correspondingly lower. Cold storage has seriously affected the price of eggs, and not in years have they been as cheap as the past winter and spring, selling then as low as 12 cents per dozen, though their freshness may be rather doubtful. No matter what people may say, while cold storage and preserved eggs are all right, nothing equals a fresh egg for eating, and there will always be found people willing to pay a good price for the perfect article. With a small trade once established the work is half done, and only care for the chickens occupies the farmer's mind.

Peking Ducks.

One reason for the great popularity of the Peking duck is that it exceeds all others as an egg producer, and as the eggs are almost all turned into market ducks it is obvious that the most profitable layer is the most profitable. Good judges credit them with producing 150 or more eggs apiece in a season, and, as we are credibly informed that raisers average to get a duckling from every two eggs, each duck gives about 75 young in a season.



BEST with a big B. Blackwell's Genuine Durham is a chess by itself. You will find one coupon inside each four ounce bag, and two coupons inside each four ounce bag of

Blackwell's Genuine Durham Smoking Tobacco

Buy a bag of this celebrated tobacco and read the coupon—which gives a list of valuable presents and how to get them.

-THE-

Commercial Investment Bank.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER & SONS.

No. 206 and 208 West High Street,

Lima, Ohio.

Government, State, County, Municipal and School Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages, Commercial Paper, Bank and Industrial Stocks bought and sold. We buy only that which has merit, and sell only that which we can guarantee.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

Easy To Figure.

How much money will cutting your fuel bill square in two this year save you? This is easy to figure. The result will show you at a glance the sum the



Majestic Steel Range.

will save you the first year in fuel alone. The Range will save you much more in providing wholesome and digestible food for your table. This is a direct business proposition. It is a serious proposition; as serious as life is serious.

Take your pencil and figure; then ask us to prove all that we claim for the Majestic.

HOOVER BROS.,
AGENTS.



EVERY WOMAN

needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only HARMLESS and the purest drug should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never change color. Beware of cheap imitations. Address: Peal Manufacturing Co., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Melville Bros.

CHICAGO & ERIE EXCURSIONS

Democratic National Convention, Chicago, Ill., July 3rd to 6th.

On July 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th the Chicago & Erie will sell excursion tickets from Lima to Chicago and return for \$11.35, good returning July 12th. Train No. 6 leaving Lima at 12:25 a. m., arrives in Chicago at 5 p. m.—a delightful train to take.

National Educational Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

July 5th and 6th the Chicago & Erie will sell to Buffalo, N. Y., and return, excursion tickets at rate of \$11.35, good returning July 12th, and may be extended until Sept. 1st.

Any information for above excursions apply to F. C. McElroy, Agent.

Reason Enough.

"Mamma, why is the ocean so angry-looking?"

"Because it has been crossed so often. Willie."—Washington Times.

Some time ago the one-year old child of Mr. M. E. Lindsley, of Franklin Park, Pa., had a very severe attack of colic. She suffered great pain. Mr. Lindsley gave her a dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and in ten minutes her distress was gone. This is the best medicine in the world for children when troubled with colic or diarrhoea. It never fails to effect a prompt cure. When reduced with water and sweetened it is pleasant for them to take. It should be kept in every home, especially during the summer months. For sale by Melville, the druggist, old post office corner. C. W. Reister, 58 public square.

Cynical Diagnosis.

"What are symptoms?"

"Symptoms are what you have when you think you are sick, and try to tell to people who won't listen to you."—Chicago Record.

Nearly all summer complaints are due to bad blood and unhealthy bile. Dr. Fowler's Ext. Wild Strawberry cures by attacking the root of the trouble. It never fails.

Wonderful! Marvelous!

are expressions frequently heard about cures effected by Foley's Kidney Cure. Do not fail to try this great remedy for any kidney trouble. H. F. Yorkcamp, cor. Main and North streets.



Excursions via O., H. & D. R. Co.

Fourth of July on the C. H. & D. R. Co.

Special Low Excursion Tickets will be sold everywhere on the Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton Railway on July 3rd and 4th, good for return until July 12th, at one fare for Round Trip. Full information on application to Agents C. H. & D. Railway.

Cincinnati and Return—On July 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. R. will sell round trip tickets at one fare; tickets good returning until the 12th.

St. Louis and Return—On July 20, 21, the C. H. & D. R. will sell round trip tickets at one fare for the round trip; tickets good returning until July 25th.

Chicago and Return—On July 3, 4, 5 and 6, the C. H. & D. R. will sell round trip tickets at one fare; good returning until July 12th.

Fourth of July Rate—The C. H. & D. R. will sell tickets at one fare for the round trip to all points within 200 miles of Lima on the 3rd and 4th; good to return until the 12th.

Sunday rate on the C. H. & D. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points. Reservation to Dayton via C. H. & D. R. One-Half Fare to Cincinnati via C. H. & D. R.

On July 5th and 6th agents of the C. H. & D. R. will sell tickets to Cincinnati and return until July 12th, on account of the "Erie."

On to Washington. On July 4th, 5th, 6th and 7th agents of the Cincinnati Hamilton & Dayton Railway will sell tickets to Washington and return at one fare for the round trip on account of Young People's Society Christian Endeavor tickets, good to return until July 31st. For full information apply to Agents C. H. & D.

Washington, D. C., and Return, July 1, 2, 3 and 4; tickets good to return until July 12th. Only one fare for the round trip. Rate for the round trip only one fare, either by water or rail.

H. I. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

MONEY TO LOAN.

I have money to loan on good city and farm property in sums to suit, at low rates and rates of interest. No delay. Give me a call before making arrangements elsewhere. Room 8, Second Floor, City Building, 1-27 St.

THE - POSTOFFICE

Many the biggest trade in town but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice next door, it was fitting that the latter having vacated its old quarters we should take possession. So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed on that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we readily save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE.

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

WM. M. MELVILLE,
THE DRUGGIST.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

Do You Know That Shoes Are Cheaper Than Ever Before?

ARE YOU BUYING YOUR SHOES AT THE OLD OR THE NEW PRICE?

WE have been picking up snags during the last sixty days from parties who needed some cash very badly. We bought them way down low. We are selling good goods at lower prices than many dealers had to pay for the poorest kind of shoddy a year ago. TRY THE NEW SHOE MAN AT WASH'S OLD STAND

I. E. AVERY.

135 NORTH MAIN ST.

MIAMI UNIVERSITY!

SEVENTY-THIRD YEAR.

OPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1896.

A commodious Gymnasium will be ready early in the fall. Three courses of study. Free tuition. Superior advantages at moderate cost. Send for catalogue and particulars to
PRESIDENT W. O. THOMPSON,
Oxford, Ohio.

WHY

Do the Sales of

Stolzenbach's Bread

Continually increase? Because all have learned that it is the best in Lima. It's uniform in QUALITY, no poor baking done, and sold at

A Reasonable Price.

ASK FOR QUAKER!

GEO. W. COE,
Piano Tuner.
FIRST CLASS WORK.

Leave order at Downard & Son's book store or telephone No. 122

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBLISHING CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or are Going.

Ross Eaton, of Bluffton, spent yesterday in the city.

J. H. Rice, of west Kibby street, has removed to Pittsburg, Pa.

W. A. Dunbaugh and son, Chas., of south Main street, will leave for

DESPONDENCY

Causes a Srock Dealer to Attempt Suicide

A BULLET IN HIS LUNGS.

One evening, after a long day's work, a brother of M. Contris, a wealthy and respected farmer and stock dealer, living near Westminster, Contris had been working for his brother until very recently, when he was discharged. Disappointed in not having employment, he turned to drink, hoping by that means to drown his sorrows and thus relieve himself from his cares.

The little village of Westminster was greatly excited last evening by the report that Gas Contris had attempted to commit suicide. It is another case where life had become a burden and in a fit of despondency he attempted to relieve himself from his earthly troubles by destroying his life. He is the brother of M. Contris, a wealthy and respected farmer and stock dealer, living near Westminster. Contris had been working for his brother until very recently, when he was discharged. Disappointed in not having employment, he turned to drink, hoping by that means to drown his sorrows and thus relieve himself from his cares.

He had been on a continuous debauch for two weeks, but found no relief. Last evening he went to his room at Jim Baker's hotel at Westminster, where he was stopping, and the report of a revolver shortly after caused the proprietor to investigate the cause for it. Upon visiting the room occupied by Contris he discovered that Contris had attempted suicide by shooting himself with a 38-caliber revolver. His aim was poor and the bullet failed to strike the heart but passed entirely through the lungs and lodged in the back just beneath the skin. A doctor was summoned, and cutting the skin removed the heavy piece of lead that had pierced the body. He did not succeed in killing himself instantly, as he had intended, but the wound is a serious one, and it will be impossible for him to recover from its effects. The injured man is about 50 years of age and is somewhat older than his brother. He is unmarried and for several years has been addicted to heavy drinking. He frequently has been subject to cases of extreme despondency and on several previous occasions has attempted to take his life, but never was as successful as he probably will be this time. He is well known over the county and worked for his brother in buying stock.

Arndt Handles

a fine line of flour and feed. 518 north Main street. 5 2t

TALES OF THE TOWN.

Miss Daisy Nye is very ill at her home, on west Spring street.

Geo. Wood and Rob Jones rode 100 miles on a tandem last Sunday.

Born—to engineer and Mrs. Frank M. Cavins, of 655 south Main street, a daughter.

Detective Elmer E. Wiles, of the O. H. & D., will leave in a few days with his family for northern Michigan, for a few weeks' outing.

Two women whom the police know as Daisy Bowers and Mrs. Osmar, were locked up at the police station last night for disorderly conduct.

The Berean Baptist church will hold prayer-meeting to night and preaching service to-morrow night in the W. O. T. U. hall, west Kibby street.

Ed Moore and Ernest Gable, two boys who ran away from their homes in St. Marys, were locked up at the police station last night, and will be sent home this evening.

Harry, the 8-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Butler, of west Kibby street, died at 5 o'clock last evening. The funeral services will be held from the residence at 9 30 o'clock to-morrow.

Christ church gave an ice cream supper last evening on the lawn surrounding the Chaney residence, 135 west North street. The yard was beautifully illuminated with natural gas and Chinese lanterns. The tables were set on the lawn in the rear of the house. A large crowd was present and an enjoyable evening was had by every one.

Water coolers and filters at Hoover Bros'.

The Band Concert

That was to given at McCullough's lake to-night, has been postponed until to-morrow night on account of rain.

Ice cream freezers at Hoover Bros'.

Trade at Arndt's

store and get good, fresh groceries. 5 2t

Bluem's

Dry Goods House will be closed all day Saturday, July 4th, so do your trading to-morrow instead of Saturday.

Ice cream freezers at Hoover Bros'.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

W. G. Doyle and Marie Gubboney, David W. Adams and Julia A. Anderson.

Chas. B. Miller and Mary Lipert.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

David W. Jenkins and wife to Samuel Ferguson, part of lot 115 in Robert's addition to Lima, \$300.

William S. Shock and Julia Shock to S. C. Copes and Olive L. Copes one lot in German township, \$400.

Silas A. Seutlage and wife to Laura A. Murray, lot 3-47 in Sellers & Seutlage's addition to Lima, \$1,050.

PREMATURE EXPLOSIONS

A Match Falls Into a Box of Fire Works. Their Explosion Causes Great Excitement.

Considerable excitement was raised at Austin & Daughless' grocery, on west Spring street, last evening, by the head of a burning match falling into a large box of fire works, and the people in that end of town thought that the 4th of July had been moved forward three days. So loud were the reports of the exploding fire works and so thick was the smoke that arose from their burning for a short time, it sounded, and in fact looked as if an arsenal was afire. Torpedos, rockets, wheels and everything in the line of fire works were exploding at the same time. The store became filled with smoke, and it looked as if the whole interior was on fire. Water was finally thrown into the box which extinguished the fire. The box was sitting near a counter, which was considerably burned.

SILVER JUBILEE

Of St. Rose Catholic Church Celebrated To-Day.

MANY PRIESTS PRESENT.

Event Also the 50th Anniversary of First Celebration of Mass in Lima and 15th Anniversary of Rev. Manning's Ordination.

To day another epoch in Catholicity in this city was manifested at St. Rose church, by the celebration of a three fold anniversary. It was the celebration of the 25th anniversary of the occupation of that present beautiful church, by its congregation, the 50th anniversary of the first mass celebrated in Allen county and the 15th anniversary of the ordination of Rev. A. E. Manning, who is at present pastor of St. Rose church.

At 9 o'clock this morning Solemn High Mass was celebrated, and was officiated as follows: Rev. Alfred E. Manning, celebrant; Rev. Wm. J. Manning, of Youngstown, a brother of the pastor, deacon; Rev. L. A. Brady, assistant pastor at St. Rose's, sub-deacon; Mr. P. J. O'Connell, of the seminary at Cleveland, master of ceremonies.

Rev. G. F. Houck, chancellor of the diocese, delivered the sermon. Father Houck gave a historical sketch of the church of St. Rose and of the growth of Catholicity in Lima; and also spoke feelingly of the pastors who have labored here and who have been called to their eternal reward. Of the deceased whom he mentioned, were: Rev. Matthias Kreusch, first priest of Lima, who labored here to build the first church of St. Rose, and died at Minster, August 21, 1874, where he now lies buried amongst his brothers of the congregation of the Precious Blood; Rev. James O'Reilly, who was pastor at St. Rose's for two years, and whose death occurred Sept. 30, 1885; of Father A. R. Sidley, who was pastor of St. Rose's church, and who left Lima in June, 1876, going to a charge at Cleveland, dying Oct. 14, 1893. Father Houck also spoke reverentially of Rev. F. J. Henry, who was pastor here from June, 1876, and labored zealously until his death occurred on the 23d of February, 1886. His body lies beneath a beautiful monument in St. Rose cemetery. Mention was also made of Father Sullivan and other pastors who labored here and who are now dead.

Gerold's mass No. 4, in F, was rendered by the choir with great effect, accompanied by the organ, and Prof. Frey's orchestra at the offertory, Ave Marie, in E flat. The Lovell Diamond march, composed by Prof. Frey, was played by the orchestra and organ. The services closed with the singing of the grand Te Deum.

Those of the clergy present were: Rt. Rev. Monsignor Hoff, vicar general of the diocese, Rev. G. F. Houck, chancellor of the diocese, Rev. Boniface Russ, O. P. S., of Wapakoneta; Rev. John Sidley, of Antwerp, Ohio; Rev. Geo. T. O'Connell, pastor of St. Francis, De Sales, Toledo; Rev. Wm. J. Manning, of Youngstown; Rev. M. Vollmeyer, of Custer. These who were unavoidably detained from being present were: Rev. Dean W. H. Sidley, of Springfield; Rev. A. I. Hoffel, of Delphos; Rev. O. V. Cheryaux of Norwalk.

The church was filled with people of all denominations, and the grand three fold celebration was a success in every particular.

Johnson's Bath House

is brilliantly lighted with electric lights for those who enjoy evening swimming. 1t

THE RACES.

Five Events at the L. C. C. Track Last Evening

GUY FOLK'S EXHIBITION.

Roberts, Clutter and Bressler Get a Bad Fall in the First Race—Folk Wins the Handicap—Cycling News of General Interest

The regular Wednesday evening races at the Lima Cycling Club track last evening were well attended, and five very interesting events were given. There was nothing very unusual to feature any one event except a bad "spill" on the lower turn in the opening race. Guy Folk's exhibition half mile was a good performance, even though no record was broken, and his riding in the one mile handicap was also creditable. The absence of the Columbia tandem team caused the open races to be a little less interesting than usual, because the Cleveland team, the only one present, could not pace all of the open races.

The first event was a mile open for class 1. There were seven men to start and the Cleveland tandem paced the first half, the second half being ridden unpaced. On the lower Roberts and Clutter got in a "mix" and fell and Bressler ran over both of them. Wood, Reed, Hauenstein and Yingling finished first, second, third and fourth, respectively. Time 2:34 2-5. Clutter's front wheel was wrecked and Roberts had one crank twisted. All three were more or less injured but none seriously.

Even. 2 was a half mile open for class 2. Folk and Sanders were the only starters and were paced by the Cleveland tandem. The finish between the two riders was exciting, and Folk won by half a wheel length. Time 1:15.

Event 3 was an exhibition half mile against time by Guy Folk. After winning the half mile open he continued around the track and took a flying start for his exhibition, paced by the Cleveland tandem. The first quarter was ridden in 30 seconds flat and the half would have been covered in something very close to Frank Plalce's 1:01, had not the tandem run wide on the lower turn, pulling Folk to the edge of the bank where his speed was slightly diminished. He finished, however, in 1:03 3-5, and was enthusiastically applauded by the spectators.

Event 4 was a mil open for class 3. There were five starters, and they

were paced the first half by the Wood Edgar Bell won first and there was a close race for second place between Ira Stewart and O. L. Haasell. The latter won by a few inches, and C. W. Preble placed fourth. Time 2:45.

Event 5 was to have been an exhibition mile by Clyde Roberts, but on account of the illness of the Columbia tandem, and the fall he got in the opening race, the event was not given, but will be on the program for next Wednesday evening.

The last event was a one mile handicap in which there were about ten or a dozen starters. Wood and Reed were the only scratch men to start and the former picked up the bunch before the first quarter was covered. On the finish, Folk, who had sixty yards start, made an excellent sprint and won first from Sanders by a few inches. Reed finished third and Wood fourth. Time 2:30.

At the first of the season the board of trustees of the L. C. C. adopted a resolution providing that prizes be awarded the winners of the races given on the last Wednesday evening of each month, and consequently a week ago last night was prize night but no one thought of it until the races were over. At a meeting last night the prize committee was instructed to purchase prizes for the winners.

Last evening conductors J. N. Johnston, Frank Strohl, and R. W. Peck, of one L. E. & W., rode a half mile race, with a flying start at the L. C. C. track. Johnson set the pace the entire half and finished first, with Peck a close second, and Strohl but a few feet behind for third. Time 1:20.

Bressler and Clutter will compete in the races at Ft. Wayne to-morrow and at Columbus Grove Saturday. Morris and Campbell will pace the open races at Columbus Grove on the Andrae tandem. Guy Folk will ride in the races at Mansfield to-morrow. Clyde Roberts will race at Columbus Grove Saturday and Keeton will race at Dayton. L. P. Odell will also ride at Ft. Wayne.

Water coolers and filters at Hoover Bros'.

Barbers and the Fourth All Union barber shops will be open on Friday, July 3rd, until midnight, and will close at noon on Saturday, July 4th.

JOHN SACRE, President.
J. L. HARTMAN, Secy and Treas.
20 5t

Gas and gasoline stoves at Hoover Bros'.

THE LAST WEEK!

For tickets on the '96' Columbia Bicycle to be given away to the customers of the

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

Bicycle to be given away

JULY 4th.

Buy your Shoes this week and Save Dollars at the

Summer Clearing Sale.

Try and see how cheap you can buy a pair of fine Shoes.

Ladies' \$4.00 Tan Shoes, for \$3.00.
Ladies' \$3.00 Tan Shoes, for \$2.25.
Ladies' \$2.50 Tan Oxfords, for \$1.75.
Ladies' \$1.50 Tan Oxfords, for \$1.00.

GENT'S TANS.

Out of season prices, now is the time you want them. Now is the time we want to sell Gent's \$5.00 wine needle toe Shoe, \$3 75.
Gent's \$5.00 white duck top tan, hand sewed Shoes, for \$3.50.
Gent's \$4.00 tans, for \$3.00.
Gent's \$3.50 Ox blood tans, for \$2.50.
Gent's \$2.00 tans, for \$1.50.

We must reduce our stock of tans, no matter what they will bring. Try us this week. Your shoes polished free at our store.

THE COLUMBIA,
The Leading Shoe House, Lima, O.